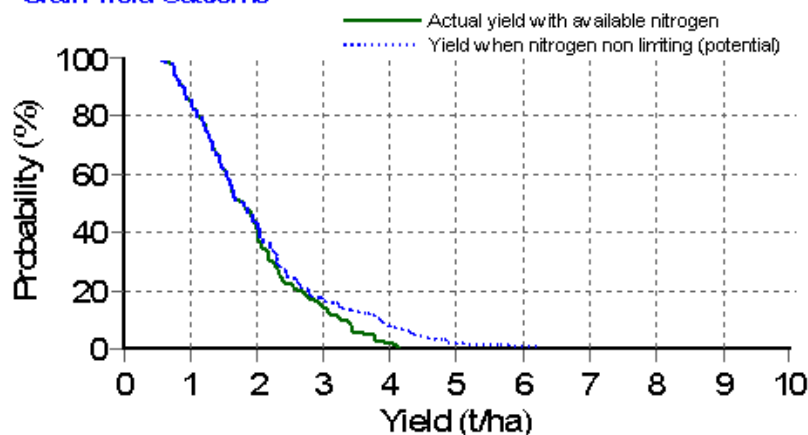


Crop Report

Report name: [Vic Paddocks] Crop report
 Report date: 29/07/2010
 Last climate date available: 28/07/2010
 Client name: MSF
 Paddock name: Ouyen Swale
 Report generated by: MSF
 Date sown: 20-May
 Crop type: Wheat
 Variety sown: Yitpi
 Sowing density: 120 plants/m²

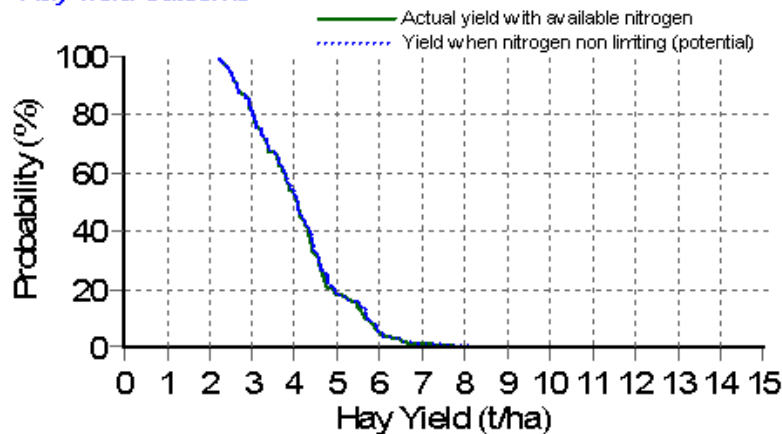
Weather station used: Ouyen (Post Office)
 Rainfall records used: Weather station
 Soil type: Loamy Sand (Sealake)
 Maximum rooting depth: 180 cm
 Roots constrained by EC: yes
 Stubble type: None
 Stubble amount: kg/ha
 Start of growing season: 01-Apr
 Initial conditions date: 12-May
 Growing season rainfall to date: 102.8 mm
 Date of last rainfall entry: ?
 Expected harvest date: 10-Nov

Grain Yield Outcome



This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of yield outcomes this season. It takes into account your pre-season soil moisture, the weather conditions so far, soil N and agronomic inputs. The long term record from your nominated weather station is then used to simulate what would have happened from this date on in each of the past 100 years. The yield results are used to produce this graph.

Hay Yield Outcome



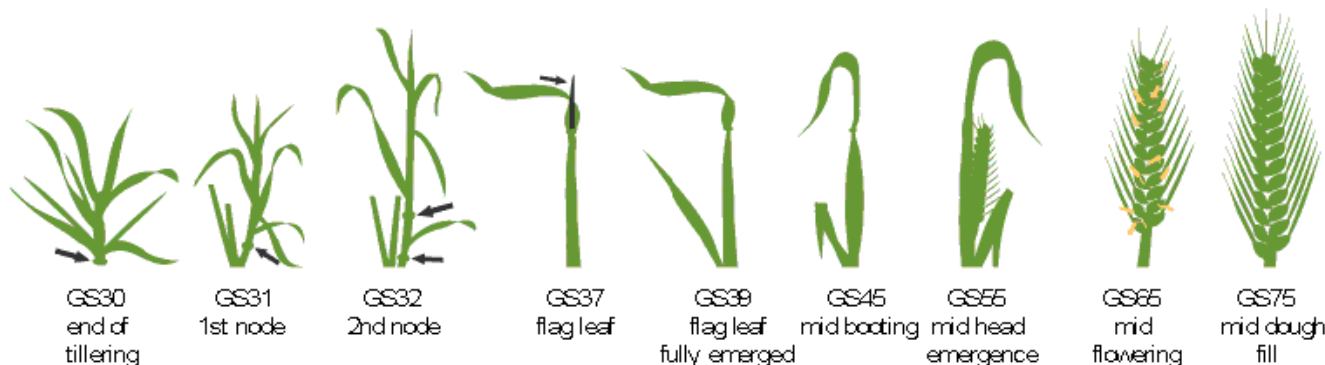
This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of hay yield outcomes this season. It takes into account the same factors as the grain yield graph above. When above ground dry matter is below 2t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be 70% of dry matter, with a moisture content of 13%. When dry matter is between 2 and 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 70 and 75% of dry matter (sliding scale). When dry matter is above 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 75 and 80% (sliding scale).

Current dry matter: 1063 kg/ha



Predicted

Earliest	29-May	11-Jun	20-Jun	29-Jun	12-Jul	21-Jul
Median	29-May	11-Jun	20-Jun	29-Jun	12-Jul	21-Jul
Latest	29-May	11-Jun	20-Jun	29-Jun	12-Jul	21-Jul

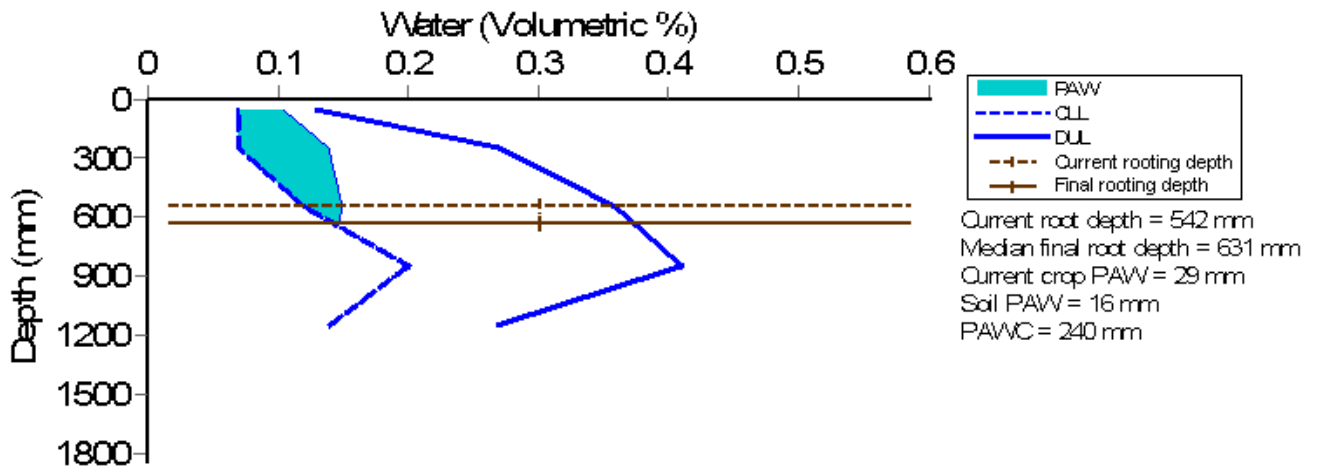


Predicted

Earliest	6-Aug	8-Aug	11-Aug	23-Aug	26-Aug	2-Sep	11-Sep	19-Sep	8-Oct
Median	8-Aug	11-Aug	14-Aug	27-Aug	31-Aug	8-Sep	18-Sep	26-Sep	14-Oct
Latest	10-Aug	14-Aug	17-Aug	31-Aug	4-Sep	13-Sep	23-Sep	5-Oct	24-Oct

<p><i>Percentage of years in which frost occurs</i></p> <p>Mild Minimum temperature between 2 and 0°C during flowering (Z60-69) 17%</p> <p>Moderate Minimum temperature between 0 and -2°C during flowering and early grain fill (Z60-75) 2%</p> <p>Severe Minimum temperature less than -2°C during flowering and grain fill (Z60-79) 0%</p>	<p><i>Percentage of years in which heat shock occurs during grain fill (Z70-79)</i></p> <p>Mild Maximum temperature between 32 and 34°C 47%</p> <p>Moderate Maximum temperature between 34 and 36°C 22%</p> <p>Severe Maximum temperature above 36° 13%</p>
<p><i>Incidence of frost for this growing season</i></p> <p>Mild Minimum temperature between 2 and 0°C during flowering (Z60-69) 0</p> <p>Moderate Minimum temperature between 0 and -2°C during flowering and early grain fill (Z60-75) 0</p> <p>Severe Minimum temperature less than -2°C during flowering and grain fill (Z60-79) 0</p>	<p><i>Incidence of heat shock for this growing season, during grain fill (Z70-79)</i></p> <p>Mild Maximum temperature between 32 and 34°C 0</p> <p>Moderate Maximum temperature between 34 and 36°C 0</p> <p>Severe Maximum temperature above 36° 0</p>

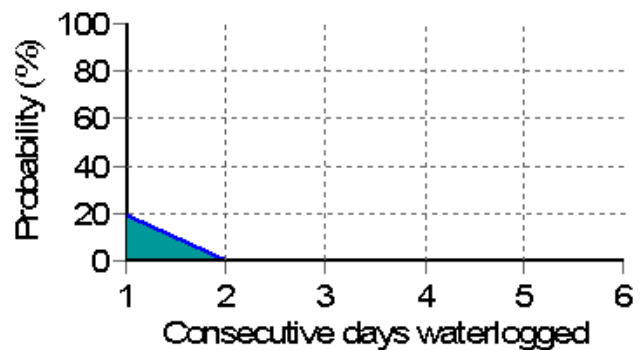
Current distribution of PAW



Water Budget

Initial PAW status @ 12-May	7 mm
Rainfall since 12-May	70.8 mm
Irigations	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
Evaporation since 12-May	51 mm
Transpiration since 12-May	11 mm
Deep drainage since 12-May	0 mm
Run-off since 12-May	0 mm
Current PAW status:	16 mm

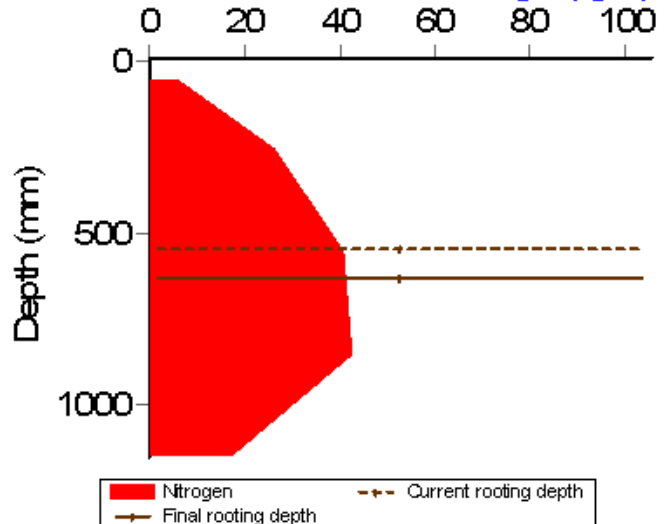
Probability of Future Waterlogging Events



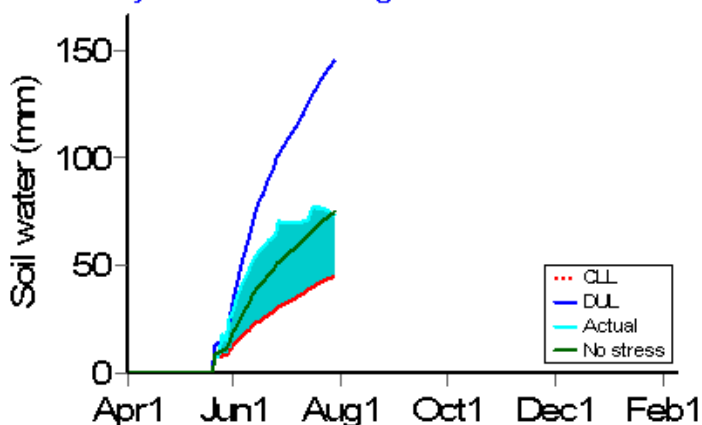
Nitrogen Budget

Initial N status @ 12-May	179 kg/ha
Mineralisation since 12-May	0 kg/ha
N applications	20-May: 5 kg/ha
	: kg/ha
	: kg/ha
	: kg/ha
	: kg/ha
Total N in plant	49 kg/ha
De-nitrification since 12-May	0 kg/ha
Leaching	0 kg/ha
Current N status:	136 kg/ha

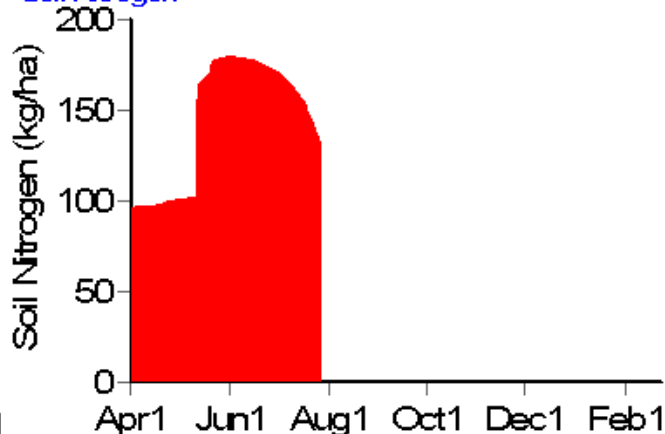
Current distribution of soil nitrogen (kg/ha)



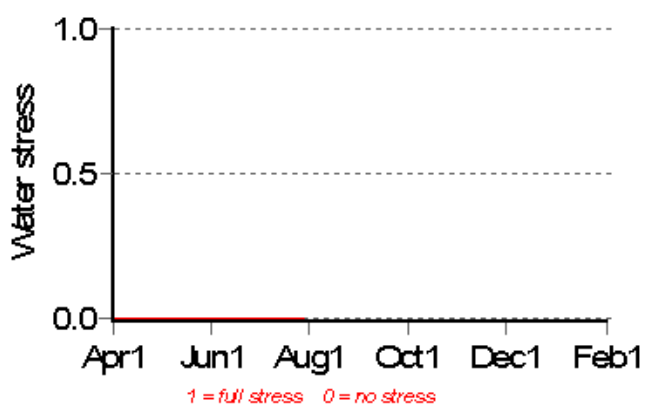
Availability of Water to Growing Roots



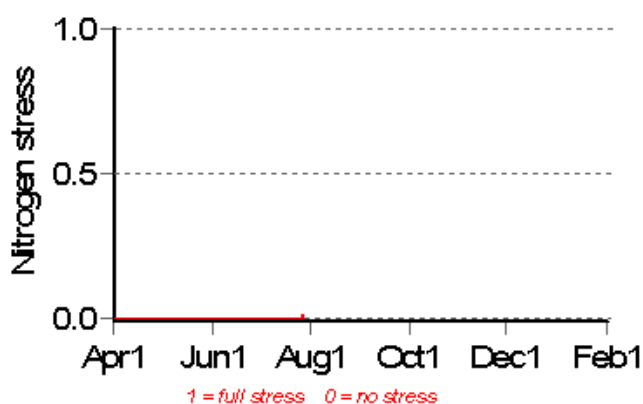
Soil Nitrogen



Water Stress



Nitrogen Stress



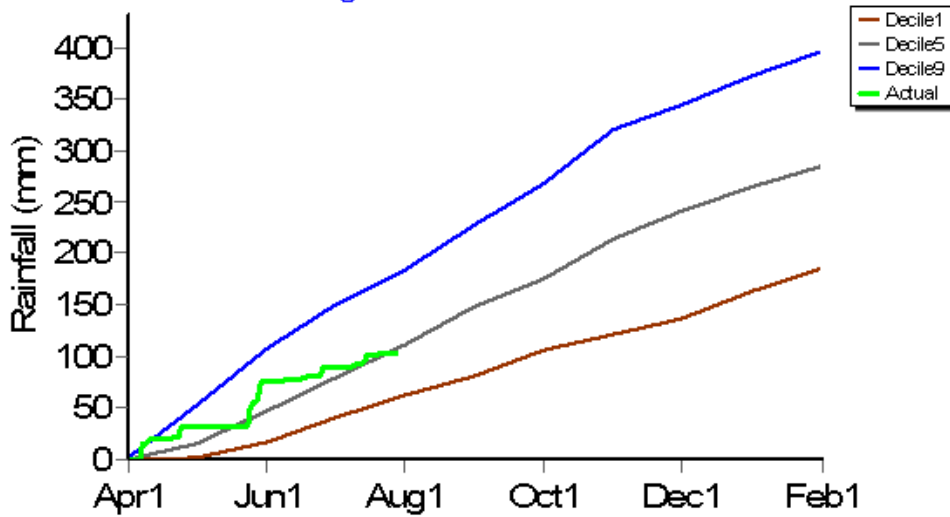
Brief periods of mild to moderate stress do not necessarily lead to reduced yield. To see the likely impacts of additional nitrogen fertiliser rates use the Nitrogen and Nitrogen Profit reports.

Mean projected crop performance and requirements for the next 10 days assuming no rain and no added fertiliser.

Date	Growth Stage	Evap (mm)	Daily water use (mm)	Daily N use (kg/ha)	Water available to roots above stress threshold (mm)	Water available to roots above crop lower limit (mm)	N available to roots (kg/ha)
29-Jul	16.0	0.3	0.8	2.1	-2.9	27.4	50.6
30-Jul	16.0	0.4	0.8	1.9	-3.7	26.7	49.5
31-Jul	16.0	0.5	0.8	1.8	-4.6	26.1	48.5
1-Aug	16.0	0.6	0.9	1.6	-5.4	25.4	47.6
2-Aug	16.0	0.5	0.9	1.6	-5.9	25.2	46.7
3-Aug	16.0	0.5	0.9	1.4	-6.6	24.8	45.9
4-Aug	16.0	0.5	1.0	1.3	-7.0	24.4	45.2
5-Aug	16.0	0.5	1.1	1.3	-7.6	23.9	44.5
6-Aug	16.0	0.5	1.1	1.2	-8.7	23.1	43.8
7-Aug	30.3	0.5	1.1	1.1	-8.8	23.0	43.1

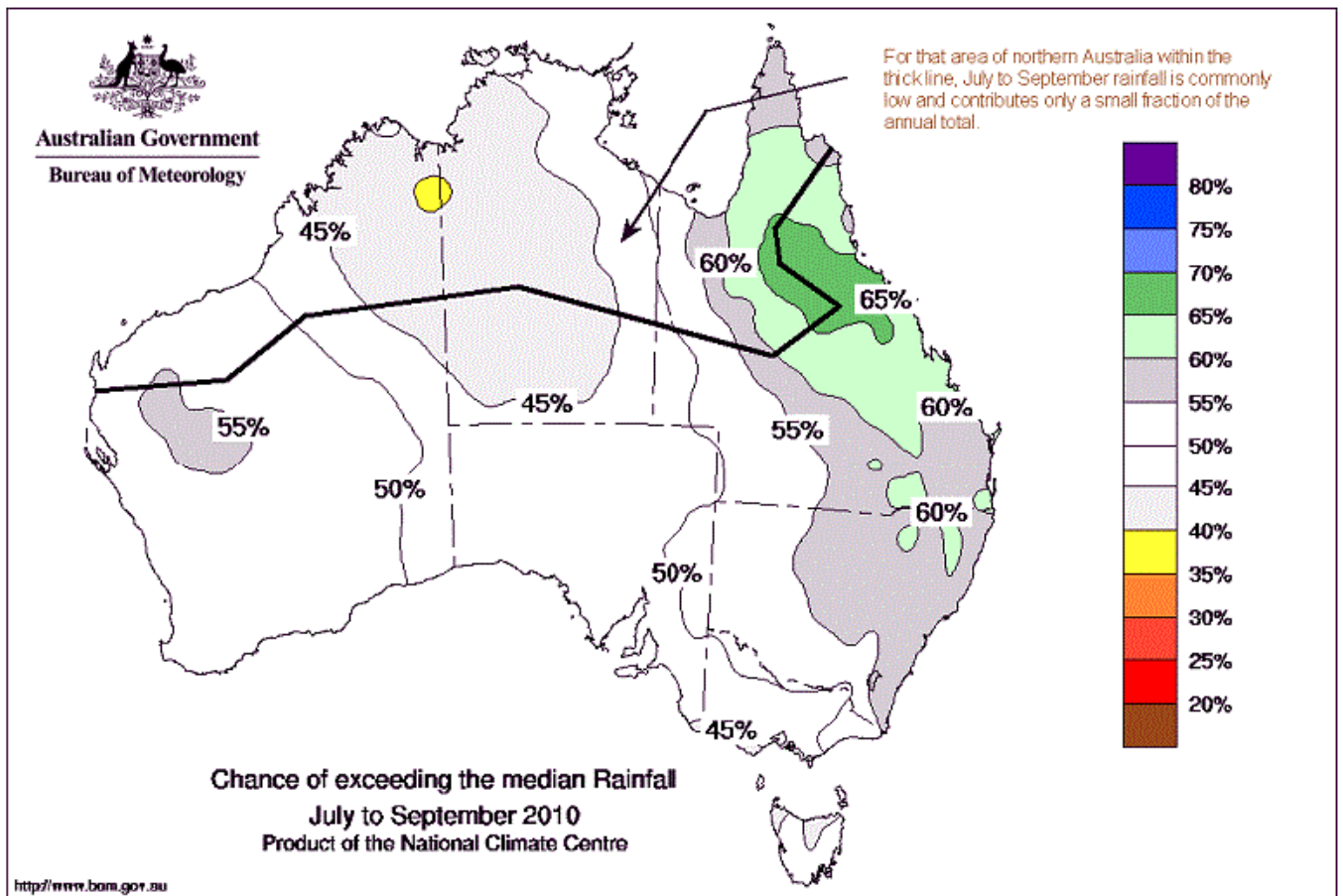
The water available to roots above the stress threshold is the amount of PAW (mm) above one third of the total water holding capacity of this soil. If the water values are below this stress threshold the water available to roots above the stress threshold will be negative.

The season so far - Growing Season Rainfall Deciles



How much rainfall can I expect?

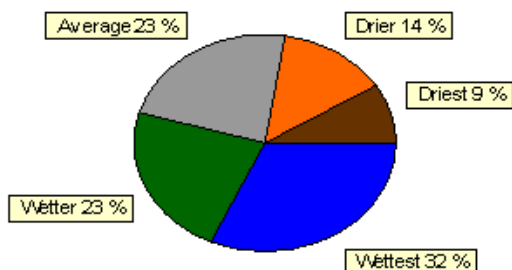
The Bureau of Meteorology Forecast for the next 3 months



National Seasonal Rainfall Outlook: probabilities July to September 2010

Issued by the bureau of Meteorology 23rd June 2010

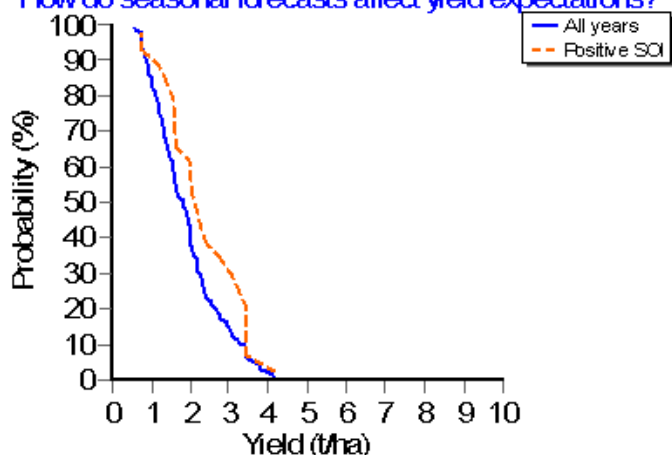
How much rainfall can I expect?
 The SOI seasonal forecast for the next 3 months.



The SOI is an index that compares the atmospheric pressure between Tahiti and Darwin. SOI Phases are determined by comparing average monthly SOI values of the past two months. Phases of the SOI have been shown to be related to rainfall variability in a range of locations in Australia and around the world.

	Rainfall
Driest	0 to 62 mm
Drier	62 to 79 mm
Average	79 to 99 mm
Wetter	99 to 130 mm
Wettertest	130 to 241 mm

How do seasonal forecasts affect yield expectations?



The 30 day mean SOI for June was 1.31, in May it was 10.48.

Yield outcomes of the current SOI Phase ARE significantly different from yield outcomes of all years. Significance is determined on a 90% probability threshold. (PValue=0.071)

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