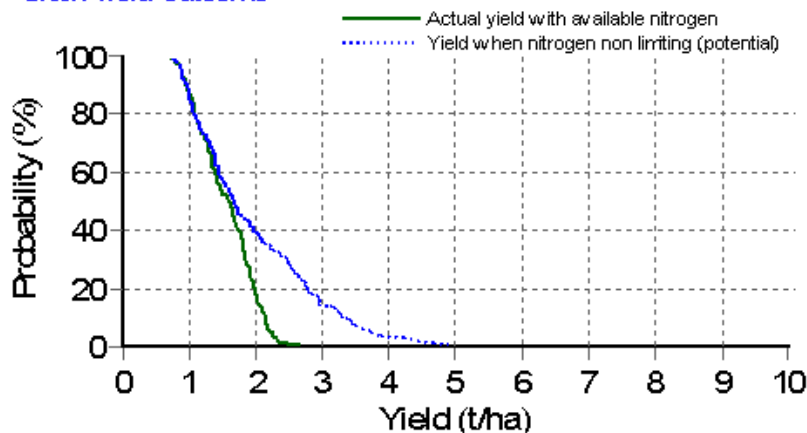


Crop Report

Report name: Paringa Crop report
 Report date: 29/07/2010
 Last climate date available: 28/07/2010
 Client name: MSF
 Paddock name: Paringa Midslope
 Report generated by: MSF
 Date sown: 06-May
 Crop type: Wheat
 Variety sown: Gladus
 Sowing density: 120 plants/m²

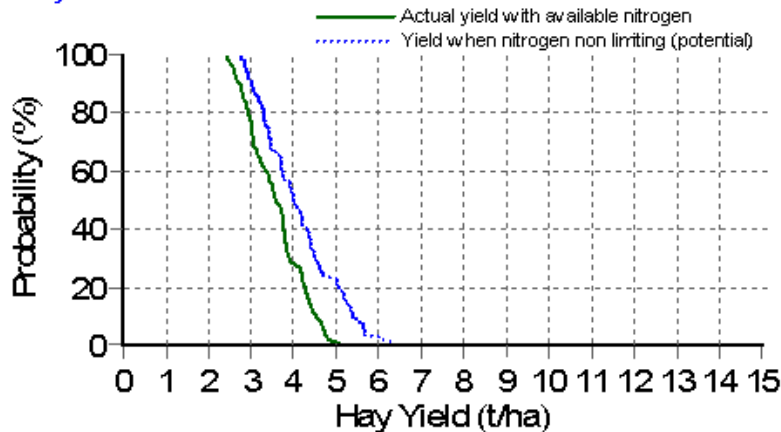
Weather station used: Meringur (Vic.)
 Rainfall records used: Weather station
 Soil type: Sandy loam (Keribee No359)
 Maximum rooting depth: 180 cm
 Roots constrained by EC: yes
 Stubble type: wheat
 Stubble amount: 250 kg/ha
 Start of growing season: 01-Apr
 Initial conditions date: 22-Apr
 Growing season rainfall to date: 69.2 mm
 Date of last rainfall entry: ?
 Expected harvest date: 31-Oct

Grain Yield Outcome



This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of yield outcomes this season. It takes into account your pre-season soil moisture, the weather conditions so far, soil N and agronomic inputs. The long term record from your nominated weather station is then used to simulate what would have happened from this date on in each of the past 100 years. The yield results are used to produce this graph.

Hay Yield Outcome



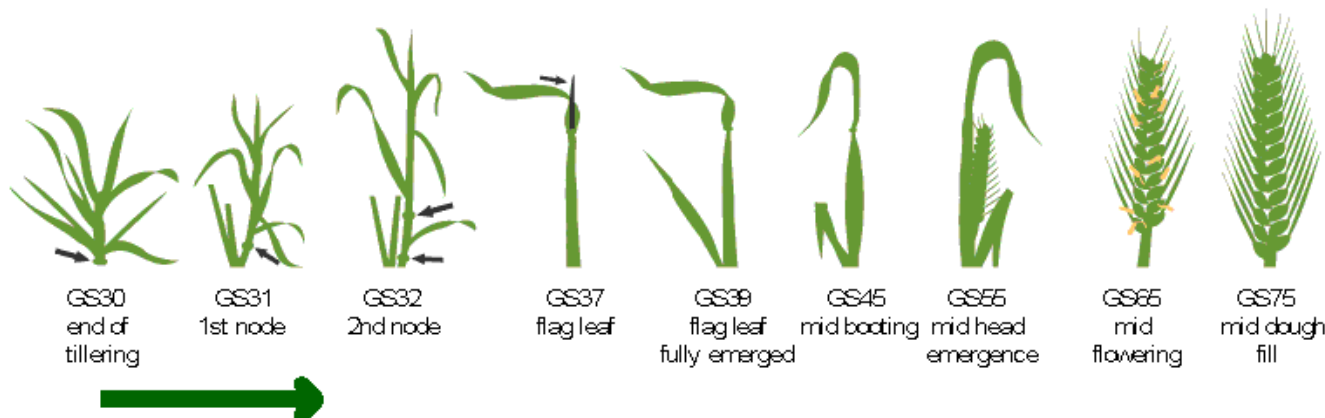
This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of hay yield outcomes this season. It takes into account the same factors as the grain yield graph above. When above ground dry matter is below 2t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be 70% of dry matter, with a moisture content of 13%. When dry matter is between 2 and 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 70 and 75% of dry matter (sliding scale). When dry matter is above 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 75 and 80% (sliding scale).

Current dry matter: 1562 kg/ha



Predicted

Earliest	17-May	29-May	7-Jun	17-Jun	25-Jun	7-Jul
Median	17-May	29-May	7-Jun	17-Jun	25-Jun	7-Jul
Latest	17-May	29-May	7-Jun	17-Jun	25-Jun	7-Jul



Predicted

Earliest	22-Jul	27-Jul	30-Jul	10-Aug	13-Aug	22-Aug	31-Aug	9-Sep	28-Sep
Median	22-Jul	27-Jul	30-Jul	13-Aug	18-Aug	26-Aug	6-Sep	15-Sep	3-Oct
Latest	22-Jul	27-Jul	31-Jul	16-Aug	21-Aug	31-Aug	11-Sep	21-Sep	11-Oct

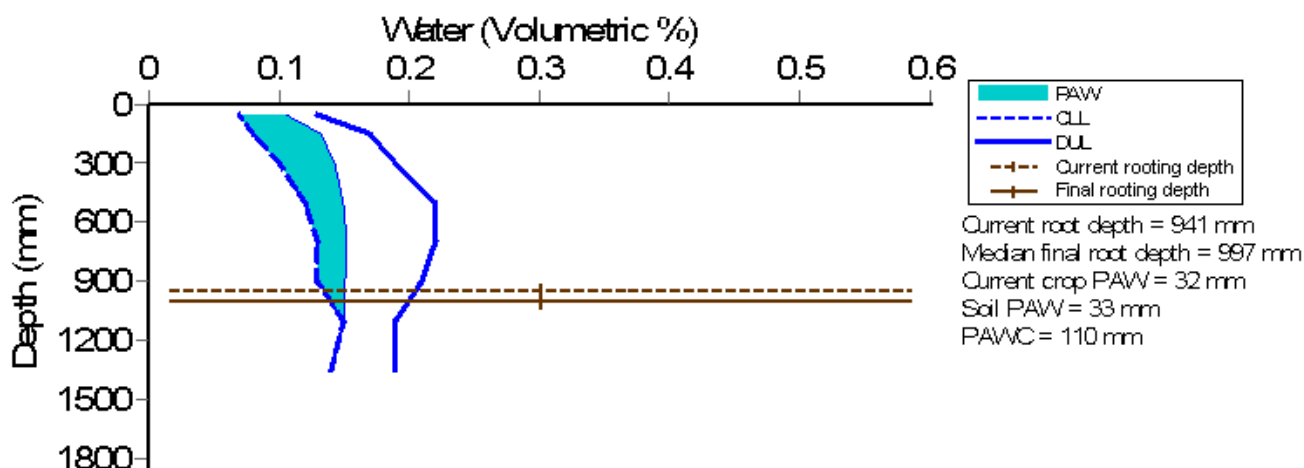
<i>Percentage of years in which frost occurs</i>	
Mild Minimum temperature between 2 and 0°C during flowering (Z60-69)	8%
Moderate Minimum temperature between 0 and -2°C during flowering and early grain fill (Z60-75)	1%
Severe Minimum temperature less than -2°C during flowering and grain fill (Z60-79)	0%

<i>Percentage of years in which heat shock occurs during grain fill (Z70-79)</i>	
Mild Maximum temperature between 32 and 34°C	30%
Moderate Maximum temperature between 34 and 36°C	10%
Severe Maximum temperature above 36°	2%

<i>Incidence of frost for this growing season</i>	
Mild Minimum temperature between 2 and 0°C during flowering (Z60-69)	0
Moderate Minimum temperature between 0 and -2°C during flowering and early grain fill (Z60-75)	0
Severe Minimum temperature less than -2°C during flowering and grain fill (Z60-79)	0

<i>Incidence of heat shock for this growing season, during grain fill (Z70-79)</i>	
Mild Maximum temperature between 32 and 34°C	0
Moderate Maximum temperature between 34 and 36°C	0
Severe Maximum temperature above 36°	0

Current distribution of PAW



Water Budget

Initial PAW status @ 22-Apr	32 mm
Rainfall since 22-Apr	76.2 mm
Irigations	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
	: mm
Evaporation since 22-Apr	58 mm
Transpiration since 22-Apr	18 mm
Deep drainage since 22-Apr	0 mm
Run-off since 22-Apr	0 mm

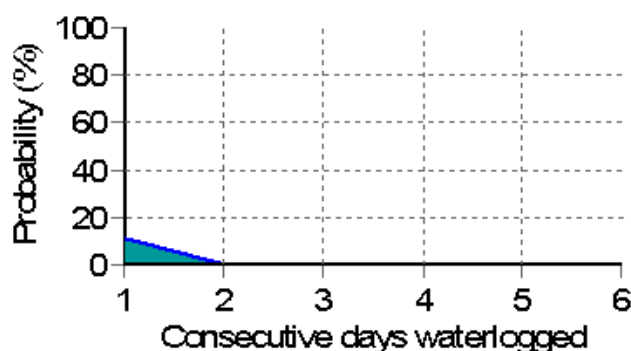
Current PAW status: 33 mm

Nitrogen Budget

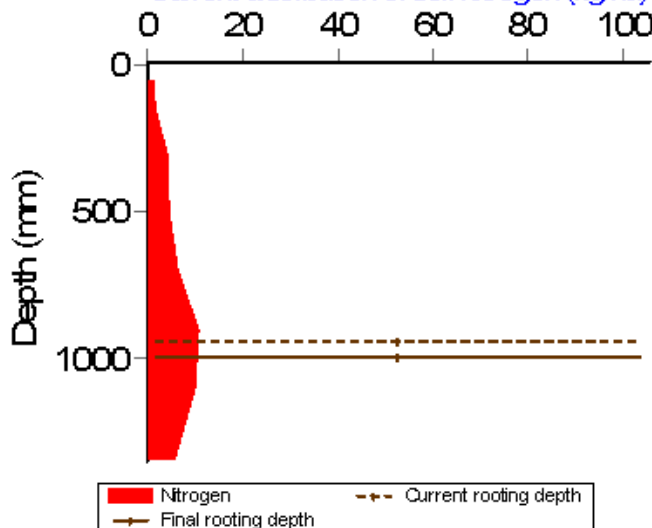
Initial N status @ 22-Apr	82 kg/ha
Mineralisation since 22-Apr	-2 kg/ha
N applications	8-May: 9 kg/ha
	: kg/ha
	: kg/ha
	: kg/ha
	: kg/ha
	: kg/ha
Total N in plant	42 kg/ha
De-nitrification since 22-Apr	0 kg/ha
Leaching	0 kg/ha

Current N status: 46 kg/ha

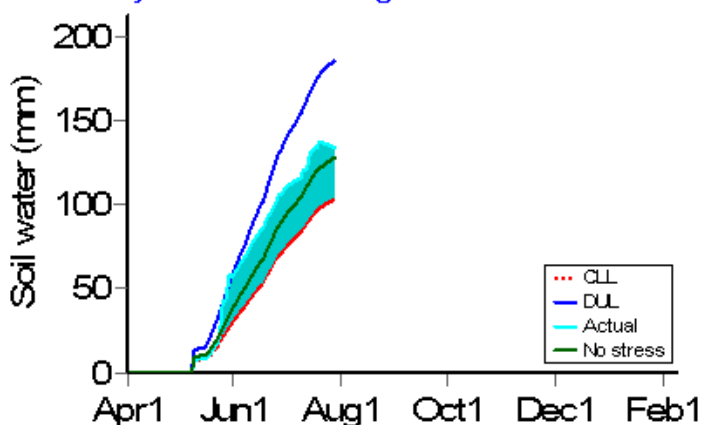
Probability of Future Waterlogging Events



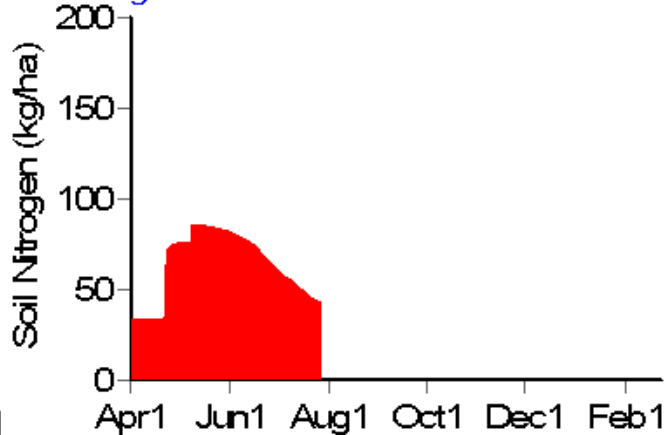
Current distribution of soil nitrogen (kg/ha)



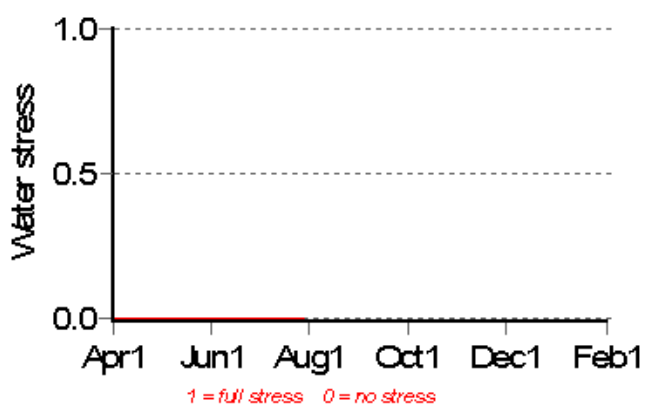
Availability of Water to Growing Roots



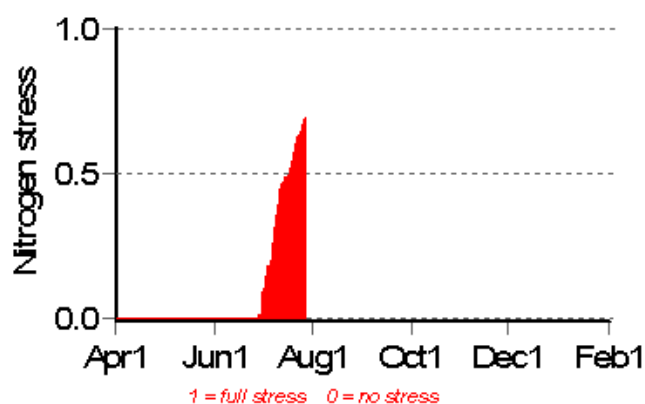
Soil Nitrogen



Water Stress



Nitrogen Stress



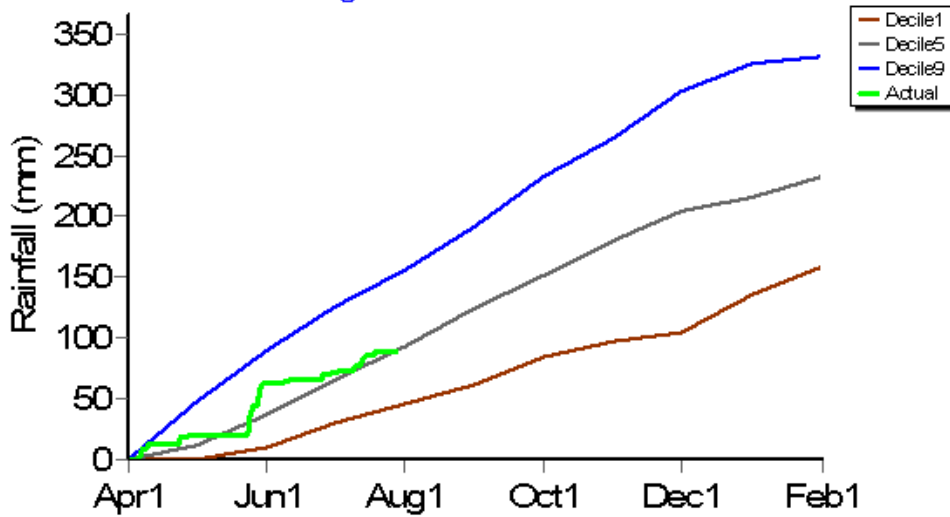
Brief periods of mild to moderate stress do not necessarily lead to reduced yield. To see the likely impacts of additional nitrogen fertiliser rates use the Nitrogen and Nitrogen Profit reports.

Mean projected crop performance and requirements for the next 10 days assuming no rain and no added fertiliser.

Date	Growth Stage	Evap (mm)	Daily water use (mm)	Daily N use (kg/ha)	Water available to roots above stress threshold (mm)	Water available to roots above crop lower limit (mm)	N available to roots (kg/ha)
29-Jul	32.0	0.3	0.5	0.4	5.6	30.3	26.3
30-Jul	32.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	5.0	29.8	26.2
31-Jul	32.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	4.5	29.4	26.0
1-Aug	33.1	0.5	0.5	0.4	3.9	29.0	25.8
2-Aug	33.4	0.5	0.5	0.3	3.3	28.4	25.7
3-Aug	33.8	0.5	0.5	0.3	2.8	28.0	25.5
4-Aug	34.2	0.5	0.5	0.3	2.6	27.8	25.3
5-Aug	34.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	3.1	28.3	25.1
6-Aug	34.9	0.5	0.6	0.3	2.9	28.2	24.9
7-Aug	35.3	0.5	0.6	0.3	3.4	28.7	24.7

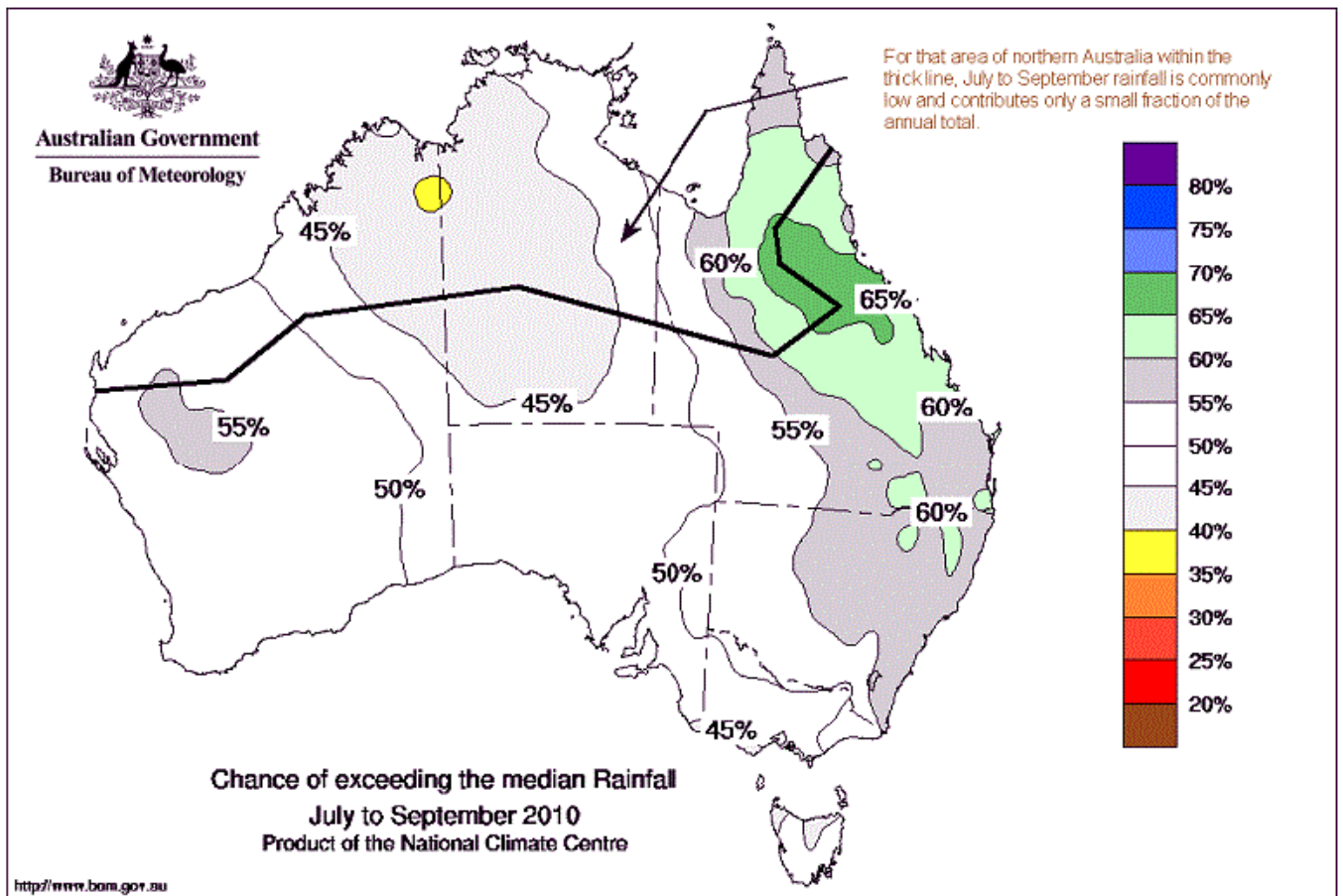
The water available to roots above the stress threshold is the amount of PAW (mm) above one third of the total water holding capacity of this soil. If the water values are below this stress threshold the water available to roots above the stress threshold will be negative.

The season so far - Growing Season Rainfall Deciles



How much rainfall can I expect?

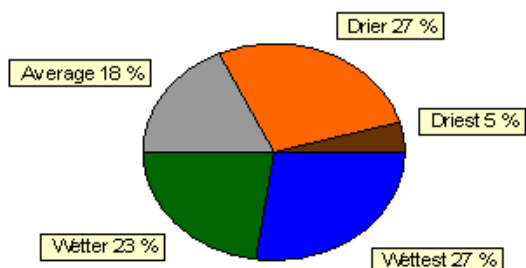
The Bureau of Meteorology Forecast for the next 3 months



National Seasonal Rainfall Outlook: probabilities July to September 2010

Issued by the bureau of Meteorology 23rd June 2010

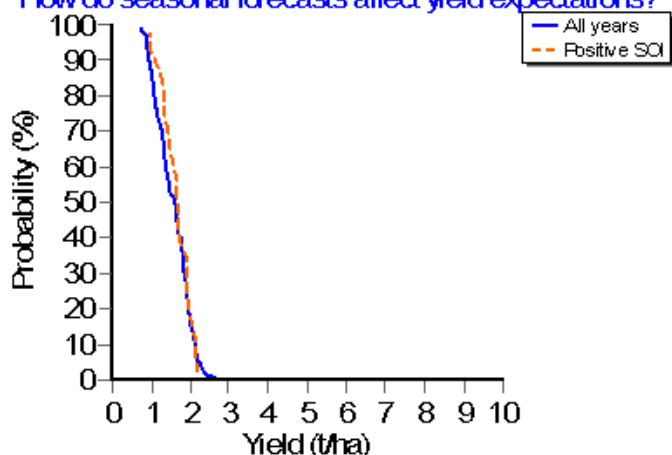
How much rainfall can I expect?
 The SOI seasonal forecast for the next 3 months.



The SOI is an index that compares the atmospheric pressure between Tahiti and Darwin. SOI Phases are determined by comparing average monthly SOI values of the past two months. Phases of the SOI have been shown to be related to rainfall variability in a range of locations in Australia and around the world.

	Rainfall
Driest	0 to 46 mm
Drier	46 to 68 mm
Average	68 to 87 mm
Wetter	87 to 118 mm
Wettest	118 to 212 mm

How do seasonal forecasts affect yield expectations?



The 30 day mean SOI for June was 1.31, in May it was 10.48.

Yield outcomes of the current SOI Phase ARE NOT significantly different from yield outcomes of all years. Significance is determined on a 90% probability threshold. (PValue=0.376)

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